

MM74HC245A Octal 3-STATE Transceiver

General Description

The MM74HC245A 3-STATE bidirectional buffer utilizes advanced silicon-gate CMOS technology, and is intended for two-way asynchronous communication between data buses. It has high drive current outputs which enable high speed operation even when driving large bus capacitances. This circuit possesses the low power consumption and high noise immunity usually associated with CMOS circuitry, yet has speeds comparable to low power Schottky TTL circuits.

This device has an active LOW enable input \overline{G} and a direction control input, DIR. When DIR is HIGH, data flows from the A inputs to the B outputs. When DIR is LOW, data flows from the B inputs to the A outputs. The MM74HC245A transfers true data from one bus to the other.

This device can drive up to 15 LS-TTL Loads, and does not have Schmitt trigger inputs. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by diodes to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

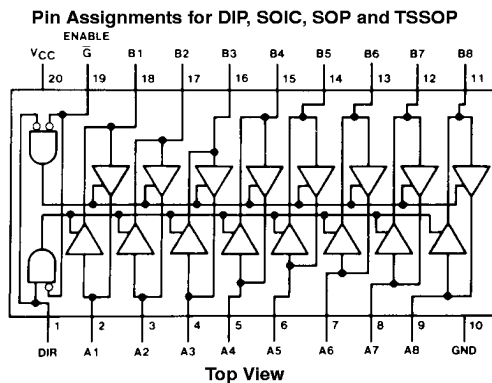
- Typical propagation delay: 13 ns
- Wide power supply range: 2–6V
- Low quiescent current: 80 μ A maximum (74 HC)
- 3-STATE outputs for connection to bus oriented systems
- High output drive: 6 mA (minimum)
- Same as the 645

Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
MM74HC245AWM	M20B	20-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide
MM74HC245ASJ	M20D	20-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide
MM74HC245AMTC	MTC20	20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
MM74HC245AN	N20A	20-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

Connection Diagram

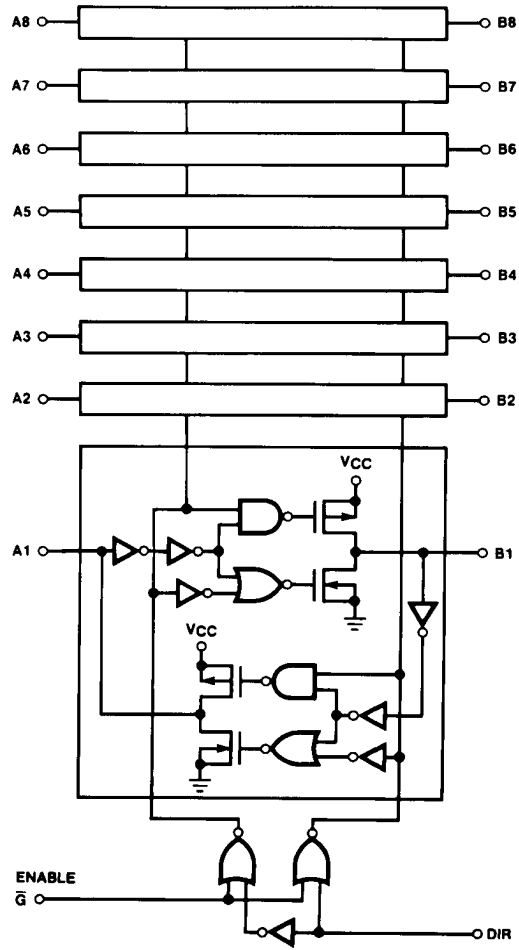


Truth Table

Control Inputs		Operation
\overline{G}	DIR	
L	L	B data to A bus
L	H	A data to B bus
H	X	Isolation

H = HIGH Level
L = LOW Level
X = Irrelevant

Logic Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)		Recommended Operating Conditions		Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	-0.5 to +7.0V	Supply Voltage (V_{CC})		2	6	V
DC Input Voltage DIR and \bar{G} pins (V_{IN})	-1.5 to $V_{CC}+1.5V$	DC Input or Output Voltage (V_{IN}, V_{OUT})		0	V_{CC}	V
DC Input/Output Voltage (V_{IN}, V_{OUT})	-0.5 to $V_{CC}+0.5V$	Operating Temperature Range (T_A)		-40	+85	°C
Clamp Diode Current (I_{CD})	± 20 mA	Input Rise/Fall Times (t_r, t_f)	$V_{CC} = 2.0V$		1000	ns
DC Output Current, per pin (I_{OUT})	± 35 mA		$V_{CC} = 4.5V$		500	ns
DC V_{CC} or GND Current, per pin (I_{CC})	± 70 mA		$V_{CC} = 6.0V$		400	ns
Storage Temperature Range (T_{STG})	-65°C to +150°C					
Power Dissipation (P_D)						
(Note 3)	600 mW					
S.O. Package only	500 mW					
Lead Temperature (T_L)						
(Soldering 10 seconds)	260°C					

Note 1: Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified all voltages are referenced to ground.

Note 3: Power Dissipation temperature derating — plastic "N" package: -12 mW/°C from 65°C to 85°C.

DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)				$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		$T_A = -40$ to 85°C		$T_A = -55$ to 125°C		Units
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{CC}	Typ	Guaranteed Limits					
V_{IH}	Minimum HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.0V		1.5	1.5	1.5		V	
			4.5V		3.15	3.15	3.15		V	
			6.0V		4.2	4.2	4.2		V	
V_{IL}	Maximum LOW Level Input Voltage		2.0V		0.5	0.5	0.5		V	
			4.5V		1.35	1.35	1.35		V	
			6.0V		1.8	1.8	1.8		V	
V_{OH}	Minimum HIGH Level Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 20 \mu\text{A}$	2.0V	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9		V	
			4.5V	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4		V	
			6.0V	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9		V	
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $ I_{OUT} \leq 7.8 \text{ mA}$	4.5V	4.2	3.98	3.84	3.7		V	
			6.0V	5.7	5.48	5.34	5.2		V	
V_{OL}	Maximum LOW Level Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 20 \mu\text{A}$	2.0V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1		V	
			4.5V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1		V	
			6.0V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1		V	
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $ I_{OUT} \leq 7.8 \text{ mA}$	4.5V	0.2	0.26	0.33	0.4		V	
			6.0V	0.2	0.26	0.33	0.4		V	
I_{IN}	Input Leakage Current (\bar{G} and DIR)	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ to GND	6.0V		± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0		μA	
I_{OZ}	Maximum 3-STATE Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ or GND Enable $\bar{G} = V_{IH}$	6.0V		± 0.5	± 5.0	± 10		μA	
I_{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND $I_{OUT} = 0 \mu\text{A}$	6.0V		8.0	80	160		μA	

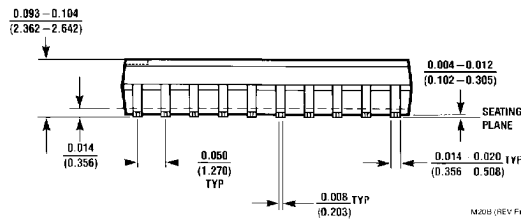
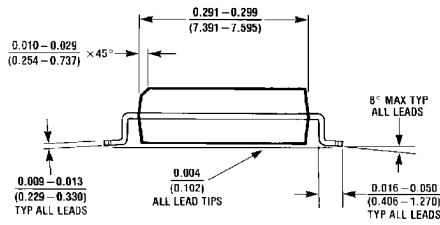
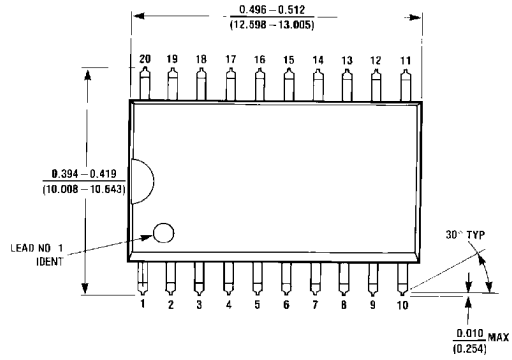
Note 4: For a power supply of 5V $\pm 10\%$ the worst case output voltages (V_{OH} and V_{OL}) occur for HC at 4.5V. Thus the 4.5V values should be used when designing with this supply. Worst case V_{IH} and V_{IL} occur at $V_{CC} = 5.5V$ and 4.5V respectively. (The V_{IH} value at 5.5V is 3.85V.) The worst case leakage current (I_{IN} , I_{CC} , and I_{OZ}) occur for CMOS at the higher voltage and so the 6.0V values should be used.

AC Electrical Characteristics					
$V_{CC} = 5V, T_A = 25^\circ C, t_r = t_f = 6ns$					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Guaranteed Limit	Units
t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay	$C_L = 45 pF$	12	17	ns
t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}	Maximum Output Enable Time	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$ $C_L = 45 pF$	24	35	ns
t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}	Maximum Output Disable Time	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$ $C_L = 5 pF$	18	25	ns

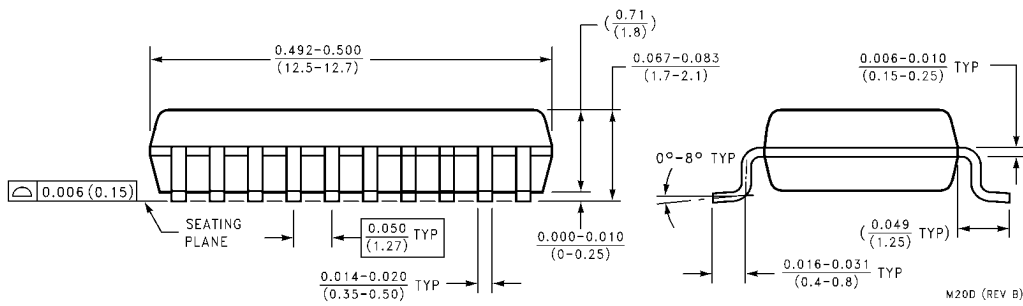
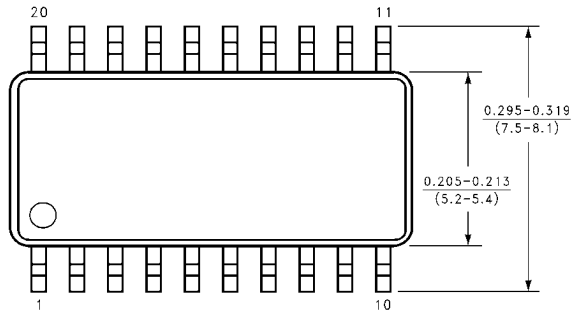
AC Electrical Characteristics														
$V_{CC} = 2.0V \text{ to } 6.0V, C_L = 50 pF, t_r = t_f = 6ns \text{ (unless otherwise specified)}$														
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{CC}	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	$T_A = -40 \text{ to } 85^\circ C$	$T_A = -55 \text{ to } 125^\circ C$	Units							
				Typ	Guaranteed Limits									
t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay	$C_L = 50 pF$	2.0V	31	90	113	135	ns						
		$C_L = 150 pF$	2.0V	41	96	116	128	ns						
		$C_L = 50 pF$	4.5V	13	18	23	27	ns						
		$C_L = 150 pF$	4.5V	17	22	28	33	ns						
		$C_L = 50 pF$	6.0V	11	15	19	23	ns						
$C_L = 150 pF$	6.0V	14	19	23	28	ns								
t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}	Maximum Output Enable Time	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$												
		$C_L = 50 pF$							2.0V	71	190	240	285	ns
		$C_L = 150 pF$							2.0V	81	240	300	360	ns
		$C_L = 50 pF$							4.5V	26	38	48	57	ns
		$C_L = 150 pF$							4.5V	31	48	60	72	ns
$C_L = 50 pF$	6.0V	21	32	41	48	ns								
$C_L = 150 pF$	6.0V	25	41	51	61	ns								
t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}	Maximum Output Disable Time	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$	2.0V	39	135	169	203	ns						
		$C_L = 50 pF$	4.5V	20	27	34	41	ns						
		$C_L = 50 pF$	6.0V	18	23	29	34	ns						
t_{TLH}, t_{THL}	Output Rise and Fall Time	$C_L = 50 pF$	2.0V	20	60	75	90	ns						
			4.5V	6	12	15	18	ns						
			6.0V	5	10	13	15	ns						
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Note 5)	$\bar{G} = V_{IL}$ $\bar{G} = V_{IH}$		50				pF						
				5				pF						
C_{IN}	Maximum Input Capacitance			5	10	10	10	pF						
$C_{IN/OUT}$	Maximum Input/Output Capacitance, A or B			15	20	20	20	pF						

Note 5: C_{PD} determines the no load dynamic power consumption, $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$, and the no load dynamic current consumption, $I_S = C_{PD} V_{CC} f + I_{CC}$.

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



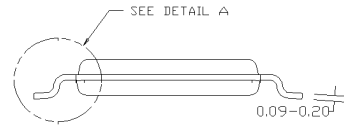
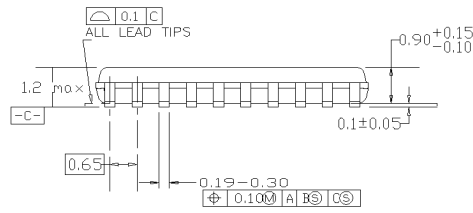
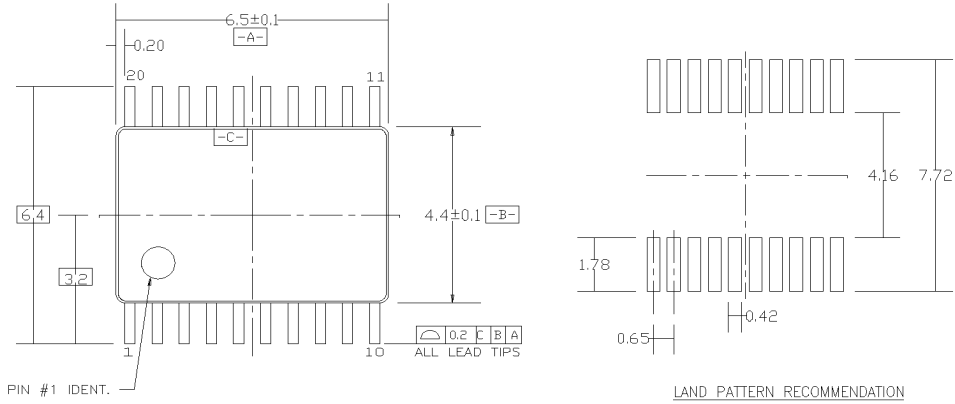
**20-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide
Package Number M20B**



**20-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide
Package Number M20D**

MM74HC245A

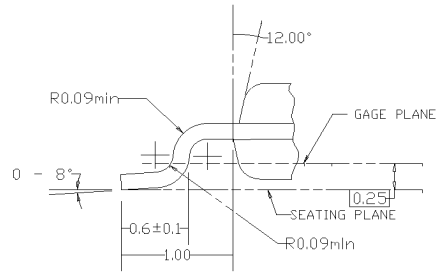
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

NOTES:

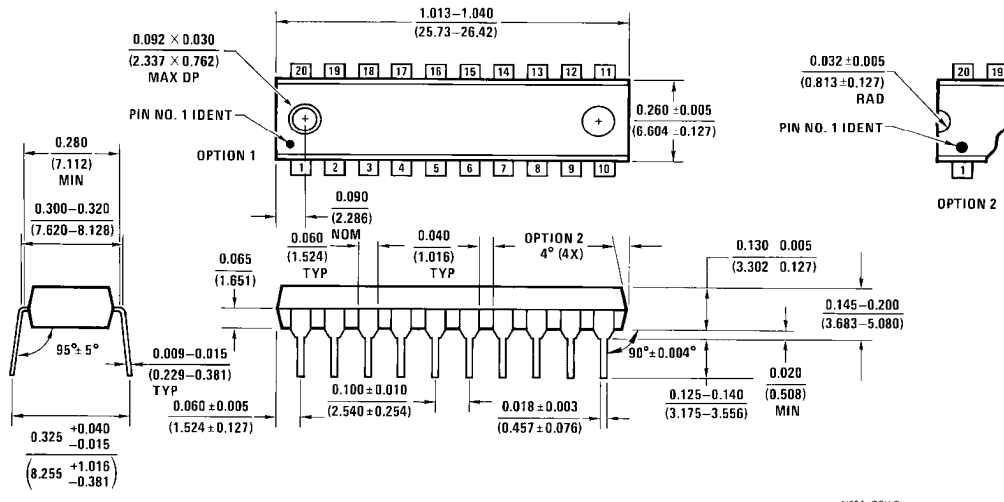
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- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF BURRS, MOLDS FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSIONS.
- D. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.



DETAIL A

**20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
Package Number MTC20**

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



**20-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
Package Number N20A**

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